# CoBank Quarterly District Financial Information September 30, 2023

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

#### **Introduction and District Overview**

CoBank, ACB (CoBank, the Bank, we, our, or us) is one of the four banks in the Farm Credit System (System) and provides loans, leases and other financial services to support agriculture, rural infrastructure and rural communities across the United States. The System is a federally chartered network of borrower-owned lending institutions composed of cooperatives and related service organizations. The System was established in 1916 by the U.S. Congress, and is a Government Sponsored Enterprise. CoBank is federally chartered under the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended (the Farm Credit Act), and is subject to supervision, examination, and safety and soundness regulation by an independent federal agency, the Farm Credit Administration (FCA).

We are cooperatively owned by our eligible U.S. customers. Our customers consist of agricultural cooperatives; other food and agribusiness companies; rural power, communications and water cooperatives and companies; rural community facilities; Agricultural Credit Associations (Associations), which are regulated, farmer-owned financial institutions and members of the System; and other businesses that serve agriculture and rural communities. The Associations originate and service long-term real estate mortgage loans as well as production and intermediate-term loans for agricultural and other purposes to full and part-time farmers. Associations may also make loans to, among others, processing and marketing entities, farm-related businesses, and rural residents for home purchase and improvements. The Associations may also purchase eligible loan participations from System entities and other lending institutions. Additionally, the Associations may serve as an intermediary in offering multi-peril crop insurance and credit life insurance, and providing additional financial services to borrowers.

We are chartered by the FCA to serve the Associations that provide credit and related financial services to or for the benefit of eligible borrowers/shareholders for qualified purposes in specific geographic areas in the United States. We collectively refer to these entities as our affiliated Associations. The Associations are not authorized by the Farm Credit Act to participate directly in the issuance of Systemwide bonds, medium term notes and discount notes (collectively referred to as Systemwide Debt Securities). Therefore, we are the primary funding source for our affiliated Associations. As of September 30, 2023, we had 17 affiliated Associations serving customers in 23 states across the Northwest, West, Southwest, Rocky Mountains, Mid-Plains, and Northeast regions of the United States.

Our affiliated Associations are considered customers and thus operate independently and maintain an arms-length relationship with us, except to the extent that the Farm Credit Act requires us, as the funding bank, to monitor and approve certain activities of these Associations. As authorized by the FCA, the financial information of affiliated Associations is not included in the condensed consolidated quarterly financial statements presented in CoBank's September 30, 2023 Quarterly Report to Shareholders. However, the FCA authorizes CoBank to present combined Bank and Association quarterly financial information in a separate report. CoBank does not have the corporate or direct regulatory authority to compel its affiliated Associations to disclose information or to establish and maintain their disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, CoBank's preparation of this District Report and the establishment of adequate controls relating to this District Report are dependent on our affiliated Associations themselves satisfying their regulatory obligations and complying with agreed upon disclosure policies and procedures. Failure by an affiliated Association to provide accurate or timely information for District financial reporting or to have adequate disclosure controls or procedures or internal controls over financial reporting, as required by regulation or as agreed to under the disclosure policies and procedures, could jeopardize the accuracy of certain information in this District Report or CoBank's ability to timely issue this District Report.

The Financial Highlights, Discussion and Analysis, and the Condensed Combined Balance Sheets and Statements of Income included on the following pages present unaudited combined financial information and related analysis of CoBank and its affiliated Associations, which are collectively referred to as the "District." As part of the combining process, all significant transactions between CoBank and the Associations, including loans made by the Bank to the affiliated Associations and the interest income/interest expense related thereto, and investments of the affiliated Associations in the Bank and the earnings related thereto, have been eliminated.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

## **Financial Highlights**

(\$ in Millions) (Unaudited)

	Septen	December 31, 2022		
Total Loans	\$	154,191	\$	152,605
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses		995		988
Net Loans		153,196		151,617
Total Assets		202,868		203,936
Total Shareholders' Equity		23,608		22,631

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2023	2022
Net Interest Income	\$ 3,184 \$	3,048
Provision for Credit Losses	173	55
Net Fee Income	203	140
Net Income	2,102	2,073
Net Interest Margin	2.13 %	2.14 %
Net Charge-offs / Average Loans	0.03	0.02
Return on Average Assets	1.38	1.43
Return on Average Total Shareholders' Equity	11.97	11.78
Operating Expense / Net Interest Income and Noninterest Income	34.34	34.12
Average Loans	\$ 154,508 \$	149,282
Average Earning Assets	199,412	190,243
Average Assets	203,158	193,553

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

### Discussion and Analysis of District Results of Operations and Financial Condition

District average loan volume increased 4 percent to \$154.5 billion in the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$149.3 billion for the same period of 2022. The increase in average loan volume primarily reflected growth in rural power, agricultural export finance, production and intermediate-term and communications loans. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in agribusiness loans.

Average investment securities, federal funds sold and other overnight funds increased 10 percent to \$44.9 billion during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$41.0 billion in the same prior-year period. The increase in average investments, federal funds sold and other overnight funds was primarily at CoBank to maintain its liquidity reserve associated with higher loan volume and to take advantage of favorable investment spread opportunities in the marketplace.

District net income increased to \$2.102 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$2.073 billion for the same period in 2022. The increase in current period earnings primarily resulted from an increase in net interest income and noninterest income, partially offset by a higher provision for credit losses and higher operating expenses.

District net interest income increased \$136 million, or 4 percent, to \$3.184 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$3.048 billion for the same period in 2022. The increase in net interest income was largely driven by growth in average loan volume across the District partially offset by lower earnings on balance sheet positioning at the Bank. The District's overall net interest margin was 2.13 percent for the first nine months of 2023, compared to 2.14 percent for the same period in 2022.

The District recorded a provision for credit losses of \$173 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$55 million for the same period of 2022. CoBank recorded a provision for credit losses of \$70 million million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$75 million during the 2022 period. The 2023 provision for credit losses at CoBank primarily relates to higher reserves resulting from credit quality deterioration within certain sectors of its Rural Infrastructure operating segment and forecasts of deteriorating macroeconomic conditions impacting many of its lending portfolios. The 2022 provision for credit losses at CoBank primarily related to increased agribusiness lending activity and to a lesser extent higher specific reserves for a small number of customers as well as a reserve for a power infrastructure customer that was subsequently charged off. The Associations recorded a net combined provision for credit losses of \$103 million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to a credit loss reversal of \$20 million in the same period of 2022. The net combined 2023 provision for credit losses at the Associations was primarily due to an increased provision for two Associations that merged in 2023 and reflected the impact of an accounting change for credit losses, deterioration in credit quality and higher loan volume at several Associations. The net combined 2022 credit loss reversal at the Associations was primarily due to reversals at two Associations resulting from changes in loan loss methodology partially offset by provisions for credit losses due to higher Association lending activity. As discussed on page 16, District institutions adopted the Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL) accounting standard on January 1, 2023. CECL is a significant change and may introduce a higher level of volatility in credit loss provisions going forward.

District noninterest income increased \$88 million to \$431 million in the first nine months of 2023 from \$343 million for the same period in 2022. Noninterest income is primarily composed of fee income, patronage income, financially-related services income, loan prepayment income, gains and losses on early extinguishments of debt and gains and losses on derivatives. Net fee income increased \$63 million in the 2023 period primarily at the Bank due to a higher volume of transaction-related lending fees. Patronage income increased by \$18 million during the first nine months of 2023 compared to 2022 from a higher level of District loans sold to other System institutions. Losses on interest rate swaps and other derivatives decreased \$29 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to 2022 resulting from the impact of market interest rate changes in the 2023 period on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments. Sales of investment securities by the Bank totaled losses of \$7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to gains of \$2 million the prior-year period. Prepayment income, net of gains and losses on early extinguishments of debt, totaled income of \$5 million and \$13 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 periods,

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

respectively. The decrease is primarily due to lower prepayment income from the higher interest rate environment in 2023 that resulted in lower retail customer loan refinancing activity. Gains and losses on early extinguishments of debt are generally incurred to offset the current and prospective impact of prepayments of loans and investments.

District operating expenses increased \$84 million to \$1.241 billion in the first nine months of 2023 from \$1.157 billion for the same period of 2022. The higher level of operating expenses was primarily driven by increases in employee compensation, information services, other and general and administrative expenses somewhat offset by lower purchased services and Insurance Fund premium expenses. Employee compensation expense increased \$47 million in the first nine months of 2023. The increase in employee compensation expense was driven by an increase in number of employees, as well as, merit and other pay increases. Information services expense increased \$25 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022 due to greater software subscription, maintenance and amortization expenditures to enhance and maintain service offerings and technology platforms. Other operating expenses increased \$29 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the 2022 period due to increases in travel and customer meeting expenses resulting from lapsed COVID-19 restrictions. General and administrative expenses increased \$11 million in 2023 driven by higher public and member relations expenses, temporary labor expenses and other administrative costs. Purchased services expenses decreased \$19 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to 2022 largely due to a change in classification of certain expenses at an Association that beginning in 2023 are included in information services expenses. Insurance Fund premium expense decreased \$8 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the 2022 period due to lower Insurance Fund premium rates partially offset by higher insured debt obligations. Insurance Fund premium rates were 18 basis points and 20 basis points of average outstanding adjusted insured debt obligations for the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, respectively.

District income tax expense decreased \$7 million to \$99 million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$106 million in the same period of 2022 due to an increase in earnings attributable to non-taxable business activities for the first nine months of 2023. The income tax expense at the District predominantly relates to CoBank, as a substantial majority of the business activities at Associations are exempt from federal income tax.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

### Loan Portfolio

The following table presents the District's outstanding loans classified in accordance with the FCA's loan types.

(\$ in Millions)

District Loans by Loan Type		
	September 30, 202	3 December 31, 2022
Real Estate Mortgage	\$ 46,258	\$ 46,475
Nonaffiliated Associations	6,039	5,654
Production and Intermediate-term	22,700	21,907
Agribusiness:		
Loans to Cooperatives	12,683	16,405
Processing and Marketing	14,706	13,327
Farm Related Businesses	2,736	2,667
Communications	7,660	6,920
Rural Power	24,961	22,370
Water and Waste	3,635	2,966
Agricultural Export Finance	7,794	9,243
Rural Residential Real Estate	369	408
Lease Receivables	4,503	4,149
Other	147	114
Total	\$ 154,191	\$ 152,605

Overall District loan volume increased \$1.6 billion to \$154.2 billion at September 30, 2023, compared to \$152.6 billion at December 31, 2022. There were increases in rural power, processing and marketing, production and intermediate-term and communication loans, partially offset by decreases in loans to cooperatives and agricultural export finance loans.

#### Portfolio Diversification

Loan concentrations exist when there are amounts loaned to multiple borrowers engaged in similar activities, or within close proximity, which could cause them to be similarly impacted by economic or other conditions. Credit risk in the District's loan portfolio is spread broadly among customers, industries and geographic territory. The District serves a diversified spectrum of borrowers up and down the agricultural value chain. Association retail loans in the District loan portfolio are concentrated in the Northwest, West, Southwest, Rocky Mountains, Mid-Plains, and Northeast regions of the United States. CoBank's retail loan portfolio extends across the United States, with moderate levels of concentration in the Midwest region of the country and in the farm supply, grain and marketing, dairy and electric distribution sectors.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

The following tables present the District's combined loan portfolio by primary business/commodity and geographic distribution, as a percent of total loans for the periods presented.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Fruits, Nuts and Vegetables	17 %	16 %
Farm Supply, Grain and Marketing	9	11
Electric Distribution	7	6
Dairy	6	9
Cattle	6	6
Forest Products	6	5
Agricultural Export Finance	5	6
Livestock, Fish and Poultry	5	4
Field Crops Except Grains	4	4
Farm Related Business Services	4	5
Nonaffiliated Associations	4	4
Regulated Utilities	4	4
Generation and Transmission	3	3
Leasing	3	3
Rural Home	2	2
Other	15	12
Total	100 %	100 %

Geographic Distribution		
	September 30, 2023 D	ecember 31, 2022
California	22 %	24 %
Texas	5	6
Kansas	5	6
New York	5	5
Washington	5	4
Colorado	4	4
Idaho	3	3
Oklahoma	3	3
Illinois	2	3
Oregon	2	2
Minnesota	2	2
Ohio	2	2
Florida	2	2
Georgia	2	1
Other (less than 2 percent each for the current year)	31	27
Total States	95 %	94 %
Latin America	2	3
Asia	2	2
Europe, Middle East and Africa	1	1
Total International	5 %	6 %
Total	100 %	100 %

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

#### **Loan Quality**

One credit quality indicator utilized by the Bank and Associations is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable assets are expected to be fully collectible and represent the highest quality,
- Special Mention assets are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness,
- Substandard assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity, and/or collateral pledged on the loan.
- Doubtful assets exhibit similar weaknesses to substandard assets; however, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable, and
- Loss assets are considered uncollectible.

The following table presents loans, classified by management at the various District entities pursuant to the FCA's Uniform Loan Classification System, as a percent of total loans.

District Loan Quality		
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>
Acceptable	95.06 %	96.17 %
Special Mention	2.86	2.04
Substandard	2.07	1.78
Doubtful	0.01	0.01
Loss	_	_
Total	100.00 %	100.00 %
(1) Prior to the adoption of CECL on January 1, 2023, loan quality ratios included accrued interest.		

Overall loan quality within the District remains strong, notwithstanding some credit quality deterioration. Acceptable loans were 95.06 percent of total loans at September 30, 2023, compared to 96.17 percent at December 31, 2022. Special Mention loans increased to 2.86 percent of total loans at September 30, 2023, compared to 2.04 percent at December 31, 2022 due to credit quality changes primarily related to real estate mortgage, production and intermediate-term, communication and rural power loans. The level of adversely classified loans ("Substandard", "Doubtful" and "Loss") as a percent of total loans increased to 2.08 percent percent at September 30, 2023, compared to 1.79 percent at December 31, 2022 due primarily to credit quality changes related to real estate mortgage and production and intermediate-term loans.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

The following table presents the District's loans, classified by management pursuant to our regulator's Uniform Loan Classification System. As required under CECL, loan vintage information, including term loans, revolving loans and revolving loans converted to term loans, is also presented within the credit quality information for the September 30, 2023 period only.

As of September 30, 2023										
_		Terr	n Loans by Or	igination Year			Total Term	Revolving	Revolving Loans Converted	Total
(\$ in Millions)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Prior	Loans	Loans	to Term	Loans
Real Estate Mortgage										
Acceptable \$	3,143 \$	6,156 \$	7,474 \$	6,270 \$	3,716 \$	13,801 \$	40,560 \$	2,358	\$ 338 \$	43,256
Special Mention	93	183	176	282	148	695	1,577	124	30	1,731
Substandard	33	186	113	163	215	453	1,163	89	18	1,270
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1
Loss	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total \$	3,269 \$	6,525 \$	7,763 \$	6,715 \$	4,079 \$	14,950 \$	43,301 \$	2,571	\$ 386 \$	46,258
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup> \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1 \$	- \$	1 \$	-	\$ - \$	1
Nonaffiliated Associations										
Acceptable \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	6,039	\$ - \$	6,039
Special Mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Doubtful	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Total \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	6,039	\$ - \$	6,039
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>			- \$		- \$	- \$	- \$		-	
Production and Intermediate-Term	•	•	•	<u>_</u>	•	•	•		<u> </u>	
Acceptable \$	1,865 \$	2,474 \$	1,259 \$	1.190 \$	754 \$	1,742 \$	9,284 \$	11,598	\$ 105 \$	20,987
Special Mention	95	83	46	35	87	33	379	542	6	927
Substandard	125	122	46	66	66	26	451	277	50	778
Doubtful	-	2	-	2	-	3	7		1	8
Loss	_	-	_	-		-		_		-
Total \$		2,681 \$	1,351 \$	1,293 \$	907 \$	1,804 \$	10,121 \$	12,417	\$ 162 \$	22,700
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>			1 \$		9 \$	- \$	19 \$	1		20
Agribusiness		- · ·	· •	<u> </u>	- · · ·		10 ψ		• •	20
Acceptable \$	3,167 \$	4,628 \$	3,477 \$	2.068 \$	1,330 \$	3,483 \$	18,153 \$	9,882	\$ 194 \$	28,229
Special Mention	36	155	160	74	40	75	540	346	11	897
Substandard	73	68	90	165	15	138	549	433	10	992
Doubtful	4	-	1	-	-	-	5	2	-	7
Loss		_		_		_	-	-	_	
Total \$	3,280 \$	4,851 \$	3,728 \$		1,385 \$	3,696 \$	19,247 \$	10,663	\$ 215 \$	30,125
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>			2 \$		- \$	4 \$	8 \$	5		14
Communications				<u> </u>		· •	- · ·		, ,	
Acceptable \$	1,375 \$	1,593 \$	1.214 \$	1,018 \$	547 \$	954 \$	6,701 \$	553	\$ - \$	7,254
Special Mention	. 1,070 ¢	140	52	111	13	69	385	9	-	394
Substandard	_	11	-		-	-	11	1	_	12
Doubtful	_		_	_		_			_	
Loss	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Total \$	1,375 \$	1,744 \$	1,266 \$	1,129 \$	560 \$	1,023 \$	7,097 \$	563	\$ - \$	7,660
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>			- \$	- \$	- \$	1 \$	1 \$		\$ - \$	1
Rural Power	•	•	•	<u>_</u>	•		. •		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Acceptable \$	2,701 \$	4,095 \$	2,719 \$	2,672 \$	1,360 \$	8,782 \$	22,329 \$	2,201	\$ - \$	24,530
Special Mention	20	69	17	50	1,000 ψ	218	374	2,201	-	374
Substandard	11	10		-	1	29	51	5	_	56
Doubtful		-	_	_	1	-	1	-	_	1
Loss	-	-	_	_		_			_	
Total \$			2,736 \$		1,362 \$	9,029 \$	22,755 \$	2,206	\$ - \$	24,961
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>			- \$		- \$	- \$	4 \$			
Water and Waste	. <del>,</del> 4	- φ	- y	- ψ	- y	- y	7 9		- Ψ	4
Acceptable \$	486 \$	904 \$	352 \$	377 \$	220 \$	896 \$	3,235 \$	398	\$ - \$	3,633
Special Mention	. <del>1</del> 00 ψ	- σο <del>τ</del> ψ	JJ2 Ψ	- U	- ZZO Ψ	1	3,233 ψ 1	-	- Ψ	3,000
Substandard	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	- -	1
Doubtful	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total \$	486 \$	905 \$	352 \$	377 \$	220 \$	897 \$	3,237 \$	398	\$ - \$	3,635
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup> \$			- \$		- \$	- \$	- \$			
Gloss Charge-olis**	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	φ - \$	-

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

	Term Loans by Origination Year								Total	_	) l . d	Revolving Loans Converted	T-4-1
(\$ in Millions)	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019		Prior	Term Loans	K	Revolving Loans	to Term Loans	Total Loans
Agricultural Export Finance													
Acceptable	\$ 502 \$	226	\$ 6	4 \$	- \$	14	\$	96 \$	902	\$	6,877	\$ 15	\$ 7,7
Special Mention	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Substandard	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Doubtful	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Loss	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Total	\$ 502 \$	226	\$ 6	4 \$	- \$	14	\$	96 \$	902	\$	6,877	\$ 15	\$ 7,7
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Rural Residential Real Estate													
Acceptable	\$ 18 \$	29	\$ 3	0 \$	24 \$	13	\$	248 \$	362	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3
Special Mention	- '	-		-	-	-		2	2		-	-	
Substandard	_	-		-	-	-		4	4		-	_	
Doubtful	_	-		-	-	-		1	1		-	_	
Loss	_	_		_	_	-		-	_		-	_	
Total	\$ 18 \$	29	\$ 3	0 \$	24 \$	13	\$	255 \$	369	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ - \$	-		- \$	- \$		\$	- \$		\$	-	-	-
Lease Receivables													
Acceptable	\$ 832 \$	1,120	\$ 77	3 \$	588 \$	368	\$	660 \$	4,341	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,3
Special Mention	11	17	1	9	12	7		18	84		-	-	
Substandard	6	8	1		14	13		23	78		-	_	
Doubtful	_	_		_	_	_		-	_		-	_	
Loss	_	_		_	_	-		-	_		-	_	
Total	\$ 849 \$	1,145	\$ 80	6 \$	614 \$	388	\$	701 \$	4,503	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,5
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	1 \$	1	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Other													
Acceptable	\$ 33 \$	1	\$	1 \$	1 \$	-	\$	13 \$	49	\$	96	\$ -	\$ 1
Special Mention	_	_		_ `		-		1	1		-	-	
Substandard	_	-		-	-	-		1	1		-	_	
Doubtful	_	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	_	
Loss	_	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	_	
Total	\$ 33 \$	1	\$	1 \$	1 \$	-	\$	15 \$	51	\$	96	\$ -	\$ 1
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Total Loans of CoBank District													
Acceptable	\$ 14,122 \$	21,226	\$ 17,36	3 \$	14,208 \$	8,322	\$	30,675 \$	105,916	\$	40,002	\$ 652	\$ 146,5
Special Mention	255	647	47	0	564	295		1,112	3,343		1,021	47	4,4
Substandard	248	406	26	3	408	310		674	2,309		805	78	3,1
Doubtful	4	2		1	2	1		5	15		2	1	
Loss	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Total	\$ 14,629 \$	22,281	\$ 18,09	7 \$	15,182 \$	8,928	\$	32,466 \$	111,583	\$	41,830	\$ 778	\$ 154,1
Gross Charge-offs <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 6 \$	9	e	3 \$	- \$	10	•	6 \$	24	\$	6	\$ 1	\$

While overall credit quality of the District loan portfolio remains strong, credit quality deterioration in the future is possible due to market factors impacting District customers, including an ongoing volatile agricultural commodity price environment, supply chain disruptions, labor shortages, inflation, higher interest rates, weather related events, economic, trade and global economic uncertainties, as well as the wars in Ukraine and the Middle East.

Nonperforming assets (which consist of nonaccrual loans, accruing restructured loans, accruing loans 90 days or more past due and other property owned) totaled \$700 million as of September 30, 2023, compared to \$594 million at December 31, 2022. District nonaccrual loans increased \$87 million during the first nine months of 2023. Nonaccrual loans at CoBank decreased \$12 million primarily due to paydowns for a small number of customers. Nonaccrual loans at Associations increased \$99 million primarily due to a small number of real estate mortgage and production and intermediate-term customers transferred to nonaccrual status. Accruing restructured loans, which previously included troubled debt restructurings, are no longer required to be accounted and reported for after the adoption of CECL on

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

January 1, 2023. Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due increased by \$41 million during the first nine months of 2023 primarily driven by increases from production and intermediate term and rural power loans. Other property owned remained relatively flat at September 30, 2023 as compared to December 31, 2022. Nonperforming assets represented 0.45 percent and 0.38 percent of total District loan volume and other property owned at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Nonaccrual loan volume, the largest component of nonperforming assets, represented 0.41 percent of total loans at September 30, 2023 compared to 0.35 percent at December 31, 2022.

The following table displays the District's nonperforming assets for the periods presented.

Nonperforming Assets	Septemb	er 30, 2023	December 31, 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>		
Nonaccrual Loans:					
Real Estate Mortgage	\$	251	\$	183	
Production and Intermediate-term		214		150	
Agribusiness		109		178	
Communications		12		_	
Rural Power		18		11	
Rural Residential Real Estate		2		1	
Lease Receivables		19		15	
Total Nonaccrual Loans		625		538	
Accruing Restructured Loans:					
Real Estate Mortgage		_		11	
Production and Intermediate-term		_		1	
Agribusiness		_		8	
Rural Residential Real Estate		_		1	
Total Accruing Restructured Loans		_		21	
Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due:					
Real Estate Mortgage		10		3	
Production and Intermediate-term		16		1	
Agribusiness		5		_	
Rural Power		17		_	
Lease Receivables		12		15	
Total Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due		60		19	
Total Nonperforming Loans		685		578	
Other Property Owned		15		16	
Total Nonperforming Assets	\$	700	\$	594	
Nonaccrual Loans as a Percentage of Total Loans		0.41	%	0.35	
Nonperforming Assets as a Percentage of Total Loans and Other Property Owned		0.45		0.38	
Nonperforming Assets as a Percentage of Capital		2.97		2.62	

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

The following tables present an aging of past due loans in the District for the periods presented.

(\$ in Millions)

	0-90 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Recorded Investment >90 Days and Accruing
September 30, 2023						
Real Estate Mortgage	\$ 121	\$ 112	\$ 233	\$ 46,025	\$ 46,258	\$ 10
Nonaffiliated Associations	_	_	_	6,039	6,039	_
Production and Intermediate-term	68	133	201	22,499	22,700	16
Agribusiness	26	42	68	30,057	30,125	5
Communications	_	_	_	7,660	7,660	_
Rural Power	1	29	30	24,931	24,961	17
Water and Waste	_	_	_	3,635	3,635	_
Agricultural Export Finance	_	_	_	7,794	7,794	_
Rural Residential Real Estate	2	_	2	367	369	_
Lease Receivables	21	21	42	4,461	4,503	12
Other	_	_	_	147	147	_
Total	\$ 239	\$ 337	\$ 576	\$ 153,615	\$ 154,191	\$ 60
December 31, 2022 <sup>(1)</sup>						
Real Estate Mortgage	\$ 72	\$ 46	\$ 118	\$ 46,961	\$ 47,079	\$
Nonaffiliated Associations	_	_	_	5,678	5,678	_
Production and Intermediate-term	52	64	116	21,976	22,092	
Agribusiness	41	39	80	32,493	32,573	_
Communications	_	_	_	6,936	6,936	_
Rural Power	47	_	47	22,432	22,479	_
Water and Waste	_	_	_	2,979	2,979	_
Agricultural Export Finance	_	_	_	9,292	9,292	_
Rural Residential Real Estate	2	_	2	406	408	
Lease Receivables	52	20	72	4,077	4,149	15
Other	<u> </u>			115		
Total	\$ 266	\$ 169	\$ 435	\$ 153,345	\$ 153,780	\$ 19

District entities maintain an allowance for loan losses at a level consistent with the expected credit losses identified by management of each institution, considering such factors as reasonable and supportable forecasts of agricultural and economic conditions, loan loss experience, portfolio quality, and loan portfolio composition and concentrations. CoBank and certain Associations also maintain a reserve for unfunded commitments, which totaled \$138 million at September 30, 2023.

Although aggregated in the District's condensed combined financial statements, the allowance for loan losses for each District entity is particular to that institution and is not available to absorb losses realized by other District entities. The allowance for loan losses at September 30, 2023 totaled \$995 million compared to \$988 million at December 31, 2022. Changes in the allowance during the first nine months of 2023 included an overall provision for credit losses on loans of \$175 million, which is described on page 3, a \$50 million decrease due to the adoption of the CECL accounting standard, loan charge-offs of \$41 million, loan recoveries of \$12 million, a \$59 million Association merger impact and a \$30 million net transfer to the reserve for unfunded commitments.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

The following table presents detailed changes in the allowance for credit losses for loans in the District for the periods presented.

	Real Estate	Non- affiliated	Production and Intermediate	· Agri-	Commun	i_	Rural	Water	Agricultural Export	Rural Residential	Lease Receivables	
	Mortgage			business	cations		Power	and Waste	Finance	Real Estate	and Other	Total
September 30, 2023	Mortgage	Association	3 term	business	Cutions		i ower	una Waste	Tillulloc	ricui Estate	una Otner	Total
Allowance for Loan Losses												
Beginning Balance	\$ 12	7 \$ -	- \$ 19	7 \$ 41	1 \$	52 \$	108	\$ 14	\$ 30	¢ 1	\$ 48 9	\$ 988
Change in Accounting Principle <sup>(1)</sup>	y 12 (1)	•	•	•	•	39	15	10	\$ 30	1	<b>46</b> (6)	ş 301 (51
Charge-offs	•	o, - 1) -	•		4)	(1)	(4)	_	_		(1)	(41
Recoveries	'		•	5	6	( · ) —	(4)		1		(1)	12
Provision for Credit Losses/				J	·			_	'		_	12
(Credit Loss Reversal)	2	1		9 4	0	20	41	2	(6)	1	8	175
Transfers (to) from Reserve for	2	·	- •		·U	20	41	2	(0)	_	0	17.
Unfunded Commitments	1	1) -	_	8) (1	9)	(2)	1	(1)	_	_	_	(30
Association Merger	,	') -		<b>o</b> ) (1	3)	(2)	•	(1)			_	(30
Impact, Net	1	4) -	_ (3	3) (1	6)	_	(1)	_	_	_	(5)	(59
Ending Balance		·	<u>`</u>	· ·		08 \$	160	\$ 25	\$ 33	¢ 2	\$ 44.5	
Reserve for Unfunded Commitm	<u> </u>	Σ Ψ	- ψ 12	.Σ ψ	υψ ι	υυ ψ	100	Ψ 23	<del>y</del> 33	Ψ	<del></del>	, 33.
Beginning Balance		5 \$ -	- \$ 2	7 \$ 10	1 \$	16 \$	30	¢ 2	\$ 1	s –	s – s	\$ 182
Change in Accounting Principle <sup>(1)</sup>		1) -	•	•	1)	(8)	(13)	(1)	•	_		ψ 10 <u>2</u> (74
Transfers from (to) Allowance	,	',	_ (,	•) (-	'',	(0)	(10)	(1)				(1-
for Loan Losses		1 -	_	8 1	9	2	(1)	1	_	_	_	30
Ending Balance						10 \$	16		\$ 1	\$ <b>–</b>	\$ - \$	
Allowance for Credit Losses						18 \$	176				\$ 44.5	
	•	•	•						•			
September 30, 2022												
Allowance for Loan Losses												
Beginning Balance	\$ 12	3 \$ -	- \$ 19	3 \$ 40	1 \$	44 \$	104	\$ 13	\$ 25	\$ 2	\$ 52 \$	\$ 962
Charge-offs	(	1) -	- (	3)	5)	_	(20)	_	_	_	(2)	(31
Recoveries	_		_	2	1	_	1	_	_	_	_	4
Provision for Credit Losses/												
(Credit Loss Reversal)		5 -	- (	6) 2	3	7	25	1	2	_	(2)	55
Transfers to Reserve for												
Unfunded Commitments	(	5) -	- (	(3)	1)	(2)	(1)	_	_	_	_	(42
Association Merger												
Impact, Net	(2	2) -	- (	2) -	_	_	_	_	_	_		(4
Ending Balance	\$ 12	5 \$ -	- \$ 18	1 \$ 38	9 \$	49 \$	109	\$ 14	\$ 27	\$ 2	\$ 48 \$	\$ 944
Reserve for Unfunded Commitm	ents											
Beginning Balance	\$	3 \$ -	- \$ 2	6 \$ 7	4 \$	14 \$	29	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ - \$	\$ 150
Transfers from Allowance												
for Loan Losses		5 -		3 3	1	2	1		_			42
Ending Balance	\$	3 \$ -	- \$ 2	9 \$ 10	5 \$	16 \$	30	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 192
Allowance for Credit Losses	\$ 13	3 \$ -	- \$ 21	0 \$ 49	4 \$	65 \$	139	\$ 16	\$ 29	\$ 2	\$ 48.5	\$ 1,13

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

#### **Investment Portfolio**

As the funding bank for the District, CoBank is responsible for meeting the District's funding and liquidity needs. While access to the unsecured debt capital markets remains the District's primary source of liquidity, the District also maintains a secondary source of liquidity through a high credit quality investment portfolio and other short-term liquid assets which are primarily held at CoBank. All of CoBank's investment securities are classified as "available for sale". Refer to the CoBank Annual Report for additional description of the types of investments held by the Bank and related yield information and maturities. Associations have regulatory authority to enter into certain investments that carry an explicit government guarantee and certain other securities. Association investments included U.S. Treasury debt securities classified as "available-for-sale" and mortgage backed securities issued by the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac) classified as "held to maturity".

#### (\$ in Millions)

			(	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	
	Δ	mortized Cost		Gains	Losses	Fair Value
September 30, 2023						
CoBank Investments <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	37,383	\$	9	\$ (2,432)	\$ 34,96
Association Investments		1,822		_	(70)	1,752
Total	\$	39,205	\$	9	\$ (2,502)	\$ 36,712
December 31, 2022						
CoBank Investments	\$	35,222	\$	10	\$ (2,135)	\$ 33,097
Association Investments		1,537		_	(85)	1,452
Total	\$	36,759	\$	10	\$ (2,220)	\$ 34,549

Investment securities increased to \$36.7 billion at September 30, 2023 from \$34.5 billion billion at December 31, 2022. The increase in investments was primarily at CoBank to maintain its liquidity reserve associated with higher loan volume and to take advantage of favorable investment spread opportunities in the marketplace.

Available-for-sale investment securities with unrealized losses are also evaluated for an allowance for credit losses (ACL) under ASU 326. Management excludes those investment securities with no risk of credit loss from the ACL evaluation because they carry a full faith and credit guarantee of the U.S. government or are issued by U.S. agencies with an implicit guarantee from the U.S. government. For non-guaranteed investment securities, an analysis is performed at the individual security level to determine whether any portion of the unrealized loss is a credit loss. As of September 30, 2023, CoBank's allowance for credit losses on investment securities was \$4 million. CoBank recorded a credit loss reversal of \$2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 that is included in the provision for credit losses (credit loss reversal) in the District condensed combined statement of income. The Association with investment securities recorded no allowance for credit losses at September 30, 2023.

### **Derivatives and Hedging Activities**

CoBank, and to a much lesser extent certain Associations in the District, use derivatives as part of their market risk management activities. Derivatives (primarily interest rate swaps) are used by the Bank and Associations to manage liquidity and the market risk arising from maturity and repricing mismatches between assets and liabilities. Derivatives (interest rate caps and floors) are also used by the Bank to hedge cap and floor risk embedded within its floating-rate investments and loans. The Bank also enters into derivatives with its retail customers and Associations in the District as a service to enable them to transfer, modify or reduce their interest rate risk. Derivative transactions between CoBank and the Associations in the District and the assets/liabilities and income/expense related thereto, are eliminated in the District's condensed combined balances sheets and statements of income. Derivative transactions between CoBank and its

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

retail customers and to offset the interest rate risk in derivatives between the Bank and Associations in the District are not designated as hedging instruments and not eliminated, and therefore, changes in fair value related to these derivatives are recorded in current period earnings. Refer to the CoBank Annual Report for additional description and disclosure of the Bank's derivatives.

Derivatives are recorded at fair value as assets or liabilities in the District condensed combined balance sheets. Derivative assets totaled \$1.0 billion at September 30, 2023 compared to \$942 million at December 31, 2022. Derivative liabilities totaled \$1.3 billion at September 30, 2023 compared to \$1.1 billion at December 31, 2022.

Changes in the fair value of District derivatives are accounted for as gains or losses through current period earnings or as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), depending on the use of the derivatives and whether they qualify for hedge accounting treatment. Net changes in the fair value of derivatives recorded in noninterest income in the accompanying condensed combined statements of income included losses of \$14 million and \$43 million for the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, respectively. Changes in the fair value of derivatives recorded as other comprehensive income (loss) totaled net gains of \$69 million and \$108 million for the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **District Capital Resources and Other**

Combined District shareholders' equity at September 30, 2023 increased to \$23.6 billion as compared to \$22.6 billion at December 31, 2022. The change primarily resulted from District net income of \$2.1 billion. This was somewhat offset by accrued patronage, an increase in accumulated other comprehensive loss, common stock retirements and the merger of two Associations in 2023, which resulted in a net reduction of equity due to fair value accounting and a reclassification between retained earnings and paid in capital.

As previously discussed in the District's 2022 Annual District Financial Information, in June 2022, CoBank's stockholders approved a Board-recommended action to reduce the target equity ranges specified in CoBank's capitalization bylaws. In August 2022 the CoBank Board lowered target equity levels contained in its capital plans, which had the impact of lowering these levels for its customer-owners, cooperatives, other patronage-eligible borrowers and both affiliated and non-affiliated Farm Credit System institutions. These lower target equity levels were effective in 2022. In December 2022, the CoBank Board approved stock retirements reflecting the impact of these lower target equity levels as well as normal retirements. These stock retirements totaled \$191 million and were made in March 2023.

During the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, CoBank retired \$8 million and \$70 million, respectively, of its outstanding Series E non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock in a series of open market purchase transactions. The retired Series E preferred stock was purchased at a discount from par value resulting in modest gains on retirement recorded in unallocated retained earnings.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

The components of the District's accumulated other comprehensive loss are detailed in the following table.

(\$ in Millions)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss <sup>(1)</sup>					
	Septemb	September 30, 2023			
Unrealized Losses on Investment Securities	\$	(2,270)	\$	(2,013)	
Net Pension Adjustment		(317)		(340)	
Unrealized Gains on Interest Rate Swaps and Other Derivatives		133		64	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	\$	(2,454)	\$	(2,289)	
(1) Amounts are presented net of tax.					

The change in the District's total accumulated other comprehensive loss during the first nine months of 2023 is largely due to an increase in unrealized losses on investment securities driven by the impact of market interest rate changes on the fair value of fixed rate securities.

The following table presents regulatory capital and leverage ratios for CoBank and the range of ratios at the affiliated Associations.

				Septemb	er 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Ratio	Primary Components of Numerator	Regulatory Minimums	Minimum with Buffer*	CoBank	District Associations	CoBank	District Associations	
Risk Adjusted:								
Common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital ratio	Unallocated retained earnings (URE), common cooperative equities (qualifying capital stock and allocated equity) <sup>(1)</sup>	4.5 %	7.0 %	11.67 %	10.63 - 21.52%	11.62 %	10.09 - 22.00%	
Tier 1 capital ratio	CET1 Capital, non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock	6.0 %	8.5 %	13.40 %	12.06 - 21.52%	13.39 %	11.58 - 22.00%	
Total capital ratio	Tier 1 Capital, allowance for loan losses <sup>(2)</sup> , common cooperative equities <sup>(3)</sup> and term preferred stock and subordinated debt <sup>(4)</sup>	8.0 %	10.5 %	14.26 %	13.12 - 21.94%	14.25 %	12.81 - 22.37%	
Permanent capital ratio	Retained earnings, common stock, non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock and subordinated debt, subject to certain limits	7.0 %	7.0 %	13.50 %	13.22 - 21.60%	13.51 %	12.82 - 22.07%	
Non-risk adjusted:								
Tier 1 leverage ratio**	Tier 1 Capital	4.0 %	5.0 %	6.77 %	13.82 - 22.42%	6.80 %	13.29 - 22.65%	
UREE leverage ratio	URE and URE Equivalents	1.5 %	1.5 %	3.21 %	12.12 - 22.26%	3.13 %	11.51 - 22.47%	

<sup>\*</sup> The capital conservation buffer is 2.5 percentage points in addition to certain ratios stated in the Regulatory Minimums column.

As depicted in the table above, at September 30, 2023, CoBank and all affiliated Associations exceeded the FCA's regulatory minimum capital ratios and any required buffers. Although aggregated in the District's condensed combined financial statements, capital for each District entity is particular to that institution. In addition, the provisions of joint and several liability for Systemwide Debt Securities are applicable only to System banks and do not include Associations. CoBank has no access to Association capital beyond their required investment in the Bank. There are no capital sharing agreements between CoBank and its affiliated Associations.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Must include the 1.5 percent regulatory minimum requirement for the URE and UREE Leverage ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Equities outstanding 7 or more years

<sup>(2)</sup> Capped at 1.25% of risk-adjusted assets

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Equities outstanding 5 or more years, but less than 7 years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(4)</sup> Debt and equities outstanding 5 or more years

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

### **Association Mergers and Other Matters**

#### **Association Mergers**

Effective October 1, 2023, two of our affiliated Associations, American AgCredit, ACA and Farm Credit of New Mexico, ACA merged and are doing business as American AgCredit, ACA.

Effective January 1, 2023, two of our affiliated Associations, Northwest Farm Credit Services, ACA and Farm Credit West, ACA merged and are doing business as AgWest, ACA.

#### **Current Expected Credit Losses**

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The ASU introduced a new model for recognizing credit losses on financial instruments based on an estimate of current expected credit losses. The new model applied to: (1) loans, accounts receivable, trade receivables, and other financial assets measured at amortized cost; (2) loan commitments and certain other off-balance sheet credit exposures; (3) debt securities and other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss); and (4) beneficial interests in securitized financial assets. The ASU also required certain new loan and allowance for credit losses disclosures, including loan vintage information. CoBank and the Associations in the District adopted this ASU on January 1, 2023. On adoption, CoBank recorded a decrease of \$75 million in the allowance for credit losses related to loans, leases and unfunded commitments with an offsetting increase to shareholders' equity, net of taxes. The Associations recorded a net combined decrease of \$49 million in their allowance for credit losses upon adoption of CECL. The decrease in the District allowance for credit losses under CECL is due to the measurement of credit losses under CECL over the contractual life of a loan compared to requirements under previous GAAP which were based on management's estimate of the loss emergence period for a loan. As a result of this measurement change, a large portion of the District's agribusiness loan volume, including seasonal lending to grain and farm supply cooperatives as well as other short-term loans, have a lower allowance for credit losses under CECL. In contrast, and partially offsetting this reduction, the District's long-term rural infrastructure loans to many of communications, energy and water customers as well as real estate mortgage loans have a higher CECL allowance for credit losses. In addition, the adoption of the ASU resulted in a \$6 million allowance for credit losses on CoBank's investment portfolio of available-for-sale debt securities with an offsetting decrease to shareholders' equity, net of taxes. The affiliated Association with investment securities recorded no allowance for credit losses upon adoption of the ASU. The substantial majority of the District's investments have no risk of credit loss because they carry a full faith and credit guarantee of the U.S. government or are issued by U.S. agencies with an implicit guarantee from the U.S. government. CoBank's allowance for credit losses recorded upon adoption related to investments in corporate bonds that are not guaranteed by the U.S. government or U.S. agencies.

#### **LIBOR Transition**

As more fully disclosed in the "Transition from LIBOR" under the heading "Association Mergers and Other Matters" of our 2022 Annual District Report, LIBOR settings (including with respect to overnight, one-month, three-month, sixmonth, and twelve-month tenors of US dollar LIBOR) were discontinued or declared non-representative immediately after June 30, 2023.

District institutions recognized the discontinuance of LIBOR presented significant risks and challenges that could have impacted their businesses and customers. CoBank and our affiliated Associations executed LIBOR transition plans in accordance with Farm Credit Administration's guidance to address the risks associated with the discontinuance of LIBOR and completed the conversion to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR).

While District institutions implemented SOFR fallback language in a substantial majority of loan agreements, certain loans, investment securities, Systemwide Debt Securities, preferred stock and derivative transactions that mature after June 30, 2023 and reference LIBOR had no or inadequate fallback provisions. The federal Adjustable Interest Rate

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

(LIBOR) Act provides a statutory fallback mechanism on a nationwide basis to replace LIBOR with a benchmark rate, selected by the Federal Reserve Board and based on SOFR, for certain contracts that reference LIBOR and contain no or inadequate fallback provisions. On December 16, 2022, the Federal Reserve Board adopted a final rule implementing certain provisions of the LIBOR Act ("Regulation ZZ"). Regulation ZZ specifies that on the LIBOR replacement date, which is the first London banking day after June 30, 2023, the Federal Reserve Board-selected benchmark replacement, based on SOFR and including any tenor spread adjustment as provided by Regulation ZZ, will replace references to overnight, one-month, three-month, six-month, and twelve-month LIBOR in certain contracts that do not mature before the LIBOR replacement date and that have no or inadequate fallback language.

As of September 30, 2023, District institutions remaining exposure to LIBOR-indexed financial instruments include approximately \$145 million in loans. In addition, CoBank has \$300 million and \$375 million of preferred stock which currently has fixed dividend rates that convert to LIBOR-indexed variable rates in 2025 and 2026, respectively. Given LIBOR is no longer being quoted, these instruments will convert to variable rates pursuant to the fallback language in the preferred stock agreements. CoBank and its affiliated Associations have no remaining LIBOR exposure to investment securities, Systemwide Debt Securities and derivative transactions. At this time, District institutions do not expect the remaining LIBOR transition to have a material impact on their borrowers, investors, customers and counterparties. However, disputes and litigation with counterparties, investors and borrowers relating to the LIBOR transition may be possible in the future.

#### **Funding**

The System is a government sponsored enterprise (GSE) and CoBank and its affiliated Associations, as members of the System, have historically benefited from the favorable funding costs and funding flexibility available through the issuance of Systemwide debt securities. The credit ratings of GSEs, including the System, are influenced by the sovereign credit rating of the United States.

On August 1, 2023, Fitch Ratings downgraded the long-term sovereign credit rating on the United States to AA+ from AAA. Subsequently, on August 2, 2023, Fitch Ratings downgraded the long-term issuer default rating for the System to AA+ from AAA. Fitch also downgraded the individual long-term issuer default ratings of the System Banks, including CoBank, to A+. The outlook on the long-term default rating for each System Bank, including CoBank, was revised to stable from ratings watch negative. The downgrade of the System and the System Banks' ratings reflect the downgrade of the U.S. sovereign rating.

Notwithstanding these actions, to date CoBank has continued to access competitively priced funding necessary to support its lending and business operations, including lending to affiliated Associations in the District. However, such actions and any future downgrades from ratings agencies could negatively impact the access to debt capital markets, funding flexibility, funding costs and earnings for CoBank, its affiliated Associations and other System institutions.

#### **Other Regulatory Matters**

On July 8, 2021, the FCA announced a proposed rule that would amend the Tier 1/Tier 2 capital framework to define and establish a risk weight for high-volatility commercial real estate exposures by assigning a 150 percent risk-weighting to such exposures, instead of the current 100 percent risk-weighting. The proposed rule focuses on changes that are comparable with the capital rules of other federal banking regulatory agencies and recognizes the increased risk posed by high-volatility commercial real estate exposures. The public comment period ended on January 24, 2022.

On October 5, 2023, the FCA approved a final rule on cyber risk management that requires each System institution to develop and implement a comprehensive, written cyber risk management program. Each institution's cyber risk plan must require the institution to take the actions to assess internal and external risk factors, identify potential system and software vulnerabilities, establish a risk management program for the risks identified, develop a cyber risk training program, set policies for managing third-party relationships, maintain robust internal controls and establish institution board reporting requirements. The final rule will become effective on January 1, 2025.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

We have evaluated subsequent events through November 9, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were issued and determined that there were no other events requiring disclosure.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

### **Condensed Combined Balance Sheets**

(unaudited)

(em minorio)	Septen	December 31, 2022		
Assets				
Total Loans	\$	154,191	\$	152,605
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses		995		988
Net Loans		153,196		151,617
Cash and Cash Equivalents		318		1,123
Federal Funds Sold and Other Overnight Funds		7,853		12,401
Investment Securities (net of allowance of \$4 million at September 30, 2023)		36,712		34,549
Interest Rate Swaps and Other Derivatives		1,009		942
Accrued Interest Receivable and Other Assets		3,780		3,304
Total Assets		202,868		203,936
Liabilities				
Bonds and Notes	\$	174,290	\$	176,230
Subordinated Debt		198		198
Interest Rate Swaps and Other Derivatives		1,331		1,079
Reserve for Unfunded Commitments		138		182
Patronage Payable		670		1,267
Accrued Interest Payable and Other Liabilities		2,633		2,349
Total Liabilities		179,260		181,305
Shareholders' Equity				
Preferred Stock Issued by Bank		1,625		1,633
Preferred Stock Issued by Associations		321		303
Common Stock		1,897		1,930
Paid In Capital		3,594		1,578
Unallocated Retained Earnings		18,625		19,476
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(2,454)		(2,289)
Total Shareholders' Equity		23,608		22,631
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	202,868	\$	203,936

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

## **Condensed Combined Statements of Income**

(unaudited)

(\$\psi	For the Thi Ended Sep	ree Months otember 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Interest Income						
Loans \$	2,485	\$ 1,601	\$ 7,197	\$ 4,129		
Investment Securities	348	193	951	453		
Federal Funds Sold and Other Overnight Funds	110	53	333	69		
Total Interest Income	2,943	1,847	8,481	4,651		
Interest Expense	1,872	832	5,297	1,603		
Net Interest Income	1,071	1,015	3,184	3,048		
Provision for Credit Losses (Credit Loss Reversal)	18	(16)	173	55		
Net Interest Income After Provision for Credit Losses (Credit Loss Reversal)	1,053	1,031	3,011	2,993		
Noninterest Income						
Net Fee Income	67	52	203	140		
Patronage Income	46	38	148	130		
Financially-Related Services Income	19	17	53	46		
Prepayment Income	1	2	3	12		
Gains on Early Extinguishments of Debt	3	3	2	1		
Losses on Interest Rate Swaps and Other Derivatives	(6)	(17)	(14)	(43)		
Gains (Losses) on Sales of Investment Securities	_	_	(7)	2		
Other, Net	13	18	43	55		
Total Noninterest Income	143	113	431	343		
Operating Expenses						
Employee Compensation	219	211	643	596		
Insurance Fund Premium	63	64	191	199		
Information Services	47	41	132	107		
General and Administrative	25	21	74	63		
Occupancy and Equipment	15	16	46	48		
Farm Credit System Related	10	9	29	27		
Purchased Services	17	26	46	65		
Other	28	17	81	52		
Total Operating Expenses	424	405	1,241	1,157		
Income Before Income Taxes	772	739	2,201	2,179		
Provision for Income Taxes	34	44	99	106		
Net Income \$	738	\$ 695	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,073		

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

### **Select Information on District Associations**

(unaudited)

As of September 30, 2023	Whole: Loar	% of sale Wholesal s Loans	e Tota Asse		Total Regulatory Capital	Total Regulatory Capital Ratio		Non- performing Loans as a % of Total Loans	Return on Average Assets
AgWest, ACA <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 24	1,704 36.1	0 % \$ 31	,426	\$ 5,057	15.97	%	0.68 %	2.17 %
American AgCredit, ACA <sup>(1)</sup>	15	5,428 22.5		,238	2,770	13.12		1.30	2.09
Farm Credit East, ACA	8	3,890 12.9		,173	2,038	17.28		0.27	2.44
Yosemite Farm Credit, ACA	3	3,577 5.2		,477	654	14.46		0.32	2.41
Frontier Farm Credit, ACA	2	2,232 3.2		,836	523	16.11		0.26	1.72
Golden State Farm Credit, ACA	1	1,987 2.9		,487	370	14.23		0.03	2.62
Farm Credit of New Mexico, ACA <sup>(1)</sup>	1	1,529 2.2	3 2	,054	435	21.23		0.52	2.10
Oklahoma AgCredit, ACA	1	1,643 2.4	0 2	,048	321	15.47		0.89	1.66
High Plains Farm Credit, ACA	1	1,554 2.2	7 1	,933	278	14.27		0.08	2.32
Farm Credit Western Oklahoma, ACA	1	1,450 2.1	2 1	,828,	296	17.55		0.47	1.44
Fresno-Madera Farm Credit, ACA	1	1,217 1.7	8 1	,607	292	16.39		0.43	1.75
Farm Credit of Southern Colorado, ACA	1	1,216 1.7	8 1	,575	273	16.97		0.46	1.55
Western AgCredit, ACA	1	1,065 1.5	6 1	,420	275	18.35		0.84	2.48
Premier Farm Credit, ACA		741 1.0	8 1	,004	195	17.86		0.25	1.97
Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA		576 0.8	4	772	139	15.53		0.76	2.77
Farm Credit of Western Kansas, ACA		338 0.4	9	476	105	21.94		_	2.24
Idaho AgCredit, ACA		282 0.4	1	396	67	17.55		0.11	2.12
As of December 31, 2022									
American AgCredit, ACA <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 14	I,761 22.4	6 % \$ 18	,502	\$ 2,583	12.81	%	1.06 %	2.05 %
Northwest Farm Credit Services, ACA <sup>(2)</sup>	11	1,812 17.9	6 15	,794	2,811	17.81		0.35	2.31
Farm Credit West, ACA <sup>(2)</sup>	11	1,789 17.9	3 14	,820	2,084	14.67		0.50	2.57
Farm Credit East, ACA	8	3,691 13.2	2 11	,003	1,933	17.05		0.41	2.59
Yosemite Farm Credit, ACA	3	3,493 5.3	1 4	,316	599	13.97		0.19	2.15
Frontier Farm Credit, ACA		2,212 3.3		,814	477	16.11		0.23	1.90
Golden State Farm Credit, ACA		1,837 2.7		,302	344	14.23		0.27	2.34
Farm Credit of New Mexico, ACA <sup>(1)</sup>	,	1,646 2.5	0 2	,165	428	20.13		0.56	1.94
Oklahoma AgCredit, ACA	,	1,604 2.4	4 1	,984	300	15.08		0.54	1.75
Farm Credit Western Oklahoma, ACA		1,342 2.0		,695	276	18.12		0.70	1.54
High Plains Farm Credit, ACA		, 1,299 1.9		,667	253	15.39		0.22	2.09
Fresno-Madera Farm Credit, ACA		l,174 1.7		,553	275	16.99		0.15	1.78
Farm Credit of Southern Colorado, ACA		1,210 1.8		,542	258	16.66		0.45	1.56
Western AgCredit, ACA		1,031 1.5		,363	253	17.93		1.16	2.31
Premier Farm Credit, ACA		746 1.1		990	181	17.22		0.31	1.99
Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA		517 0.7		712	125	16.07		<del>-</del>	1.94
Farm Credit of Western Kansas, ACA		316 0.4		453	97	22.37		0.48	1.93
Idaho AgCredit, ACA		279 0.4		369	60	17.36		0.12	1.78

<sup>(1)</sup> These District Associations merged effective October 1, 2023.

<sup>(2)</sup> These District Associations merged into AgWest, ACA effective January 1, 2023.

CoBank, ACB and Affiliated Associations

#### **Association Information**

#### AgWest, ACA

2001 South Flint Road Spokane, WA 99220-2515 509-340-5300 www.agwestfc.com

#### American AgCredit, ACA

400 Aviation Boulevard, Suite 100 Santa Rosa, CA 95403 707-545-1200 www.agloan.com

#### Farm Credit East, ACA

240 South Road Enfield, CT 06082 860-741-4380 www.farmcrediteast.com

#### Farm Credit of Southern Colorado, ACA

5110 Edison Avenue Colorado Springs, CO 80915 719-570-1087 www.aglending.com

#### Farm Credit of Western Kansas, ACA

1190 South Range Avenue Colby, KS 67701-3503 785-462-6714 www.fcwk.com

#### Farm Credit of Western Oklahoma, ACA

3302 Williams Avenue Woodward, OK 73801 580-256-3465 www.fcwestok.com

#### Farm Credit Services of Colusa-Glenn, ACA

2970 Davison Court Colusa, CA 95932 530-458-2163 www.fcscolusaglenn.com

#### Fresno-Madera Farm Credit, ACA

4635 West Spruce Avenue Fresno, CA 93722 559-277-7000 www.fmfarmcredit.com

#### Frontier Farm Credit, ACA

5015 South 118th Street Omaha, NE 68137 785-776-7144 www.frontierfarmcredit.com

#### Golden State Farm Credit, ACA

1359 East Lassen Avenue Chico, CA 95973 530-571-4160 www.goldenstatefarmcredit.com

#### High Plains Farm Credit, ACA

605 Main Larned, KS 67550-0067 620-285-6978 www.highplainsfarmcredit.com

#### Idaho AgCredit, ACA

188 West Judicial Street Blackfoot, ID 83221-0985 208-785-1510 www.idahoagcredit.com

#### Oklahoma AgCredit, ACA

3033 Progressive Drive Edmond, OK 73034 918-251-8596 www.okagcredit.com

#### Premier Farm Credit, ACA

202 Poplar Street Sterling, CO 80751-1785 970-522-2330 www.premieraca.com

#### Yosemite Farm Credit, ACA

806 West Monte Vista Avenue Turlock, CA 95382 209-667-2366 www.yosemitefarmcredit.com

#### Western AgCredit, ACA

10980 South Jordan Gateway South Jordan, UT 84095-0850 801-571-9200 www.westernagcredit.com